Statement of Reason for sites at:

Findon, Skelmersdale

Former Digmoor Sports Centre, Skelmersdale

Delf Clough, Skelmersdale

1. LDO Statement of Reasons

1.1 Introduction

- 1.2 The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (SI 2015/595) outlines that 'where a local planning authority propose to make a local development order (LDO) they shall first prepare:
 - a. a draft of the order; and
 - b. a statement for their reasons for making the order'.
- 1.3 Article 38 paragraph (2) of the DMPO states that 'the statement of reasons shall contain:
 - a. a description of the development which the order would permit; and
 - b. a plan or statement identifying the land to which the order would relate'.
- 1.4 The text in this document acts as the statement of reasons for making the LDOs. Plans identifying the land at Findon, the Former Digmoor Sports Centre and Delf Clough are attached (Appendix A.B and C respectively).

2. Background and Context

- 2.1 The West Lancashire Local Plan seeks the delivery of at least 500 new dwellings within the Skelmersdale Town Centre Strategic Development Site. As a first step in delivering some of this housing, three sites have been identified for LDO's to assist in this delivery of housing they are:
 - Findon a HCA-owned brownfield site within the town centre strategic development site
 - Delf Clough a HCA-owned greenfield site within the town centre strategic development site
 - Former Digmoor Sports Centre a Council-owned brownfield site outside the town centre strategic development site
- 2.2 The LDO will grant permitted development rights for a specified use or development proposal on a defined site. They typically set out the type of development permitted subject to a series of planning conditions, and so, instead of submitting a planning application for the specified development proposal on that site, an applicant simply submits their proposals to the local planning authority for a conformity check (which must be completed within 28 days) to ensure that the proposals are in line with the LDO before development commences.
- 2.3 It is envisaged that the LDO would become a mechanism for both increasing housing and also for improving the appearance of the area.

3. Why a Local Development Order

3.1 While some, limited interest was expressed in these sites (primarily in the former Digmoor Sports Centre site), no firm proposal has emerged but the Council and the HCA are still keen

to see these sites come forward and to continue to package the more attractive former Digmoor Sports Centre site with the less attractive Findon and Delf Clough sites in order to ensure these important sites within the town centre come forward for housing as quickly as possible.

3.2 As such, in light of DCLG's consultation on building more homes on brownfield land, it was considered that the Findon and former Digmoor Sports Centre sites may benefit from an LDO, as this would provide a developer with more certainty when considering the purchase of the site, and a greater degree of flexibility than a planning application / permission, thus potentially tipping the balance in a developer's consideration of whether to take on the site and develop it.

4. Legislative Framework Governing the LDO Process

4.1 Primary legislation:

LDO provisions are contained in sections 61A-D of and Schedule 4A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended. The primary legislative provisions related to LDOs were introduced by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, and commenced in 2006

4.2 Secondary legislation:

These primary powers were amended by the commencement of section 188 of the Planning Act 2008 in June 2009. The effect of this amendment was to remove the requirement that LDOs must implement local plan policies.

4.3 More detailed legal provisions on LDOs are contained in Article 38 of and Schedule 7 to the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (the 'DMPO'). The DMPO came into force in October 2010 as a consolidation of the Town and Country Planning (General Development Procedure) Order 1995 and instruments which have amended that Order.

5. **Area Covered by the LDO**

5.1 Findon

The Findon estate is located to the north of Northway and west of Houghtons Lane, Skelmersdale. The former residential area comprises of a brownfield site, now grassed over surrounded by interlinked blocks of flats, houses and garages. See appendix A for site plan.

5.2 Former Digmoor Sports Centre

The site is located on Digmoor Road, which benefts from large grassed areas towards the highway and mature trees along the boundary. It is located some 800 metres south of the town centre. See appendix B for site plan.

5.3 Delf Clough

Delf Clough is a Greenfield site located to the east of Northway to the east of Skelmersdale town centre. The site consists of an open grassed area with footpaths crossing it and stands

of trees spread across it, with wooded cloughs to the north and south (both of which are designated nature conservation sites), a tree belt to the west (screening the site from Northway) and a residential care home to the east (Evenwood Court). See appendix C for site plan.

6. Planning Policy Context

- 6.1 The current planning polices for the sites are set out within the West Lancashire Local Plan 2012-2027 (adopted October 2013). The land is designated as SP2 Strategic Development Site on the Delf Clough and Findon Sites along with GN1a Settlement boundary which also encompasses the form Digmoor Sports Centre site.
- There are no significant issues in terms of compliance with the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) or National Planning Policy guidance (NPPG).
- 6.3 The Local Development Orders are in compliance with the Councils Supplementary Planning Documents including the Design Guide SPD, Skelmersdale Town Centre Masterplan and others listed at http://www.westlancs.gov.uk/planning/planning-policy/supplementary-planning-guidance.aspx

7. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)

- 7.1 Developments which are likely to have a significant impact on the environment are subject to Environmental Assessment (EIA).
- 7.2 (Environmental Impact Assessment) (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (EIA Regulations) require the developer to provide an Environmental Statement (ES) where the development proposed is:
 - a. Within one of the categories of development in Schedule 1;
 - b. Either it is in a sensitive area or is above a given threshold for that type of development (listed in Schedule 2)' and the development is likely to have significant effects on the environment by virtue of factors such as its nature, size or location (i.e. 'EIA development').
- 7.3 A formal decision on whether the development proposed is 'EIA development' (and hence an ES is required) can be obtained from the Local Planning Authority through a screening opinion request. It should be additionally noted that Article 38 paragraph 12 part (b) of the DMPO prohibits the use of an LDO to grant permission for development which falls within one of the categories in Schedule 1.
- 7.4 The sites at Findon, the Former Digmoor Sports Centre and Delf Clough LDOs site have been screened (as far as is possible with the information available) as part of the process of developing the LDO. This screening opinion is detailed below.

8. Screening Opinion

Findon

- 8.1 The site at Findon was EIA Screened for residential development on the site for up to 140 dwellings, highway and landscaping works, to be developed under a Local Development Order. For the following reasons, it was determined by West Lancashire Borough Council on 2nd October 2015 that an Environmental Impact Statement is not required for the development as described above:
 - The development is not within a 'sensitive area' as defined by Part 1 of the Town and country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2011.
 - The environmental impact would not be of mare than local significance or result in any impact greater than of local significance.
 - The development itself is not considered to be environmentally sensitive.
 - The development would not result in unusually complex or potentially hazardous environmental effects.

Former Digmoor Sports Centre

- 8.2 The site at the former Digmoor Sports Centre was EIA Screened for residential development on the site for up to 140 dwellings, highway and landscaping works, to be developed under a Local Development Order. For the following reasons, it was determined by West Lancashire Borough Council on 2nd October 2015 that an Environmental Impact Statement is not required for the development as described above:
 - The development is not within a 'sensitive area' as defined by Part 1 of the Town and country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2011.
 - The environmental impact would not be of mare than local significance or result in any impact greater than of local significance.
 - The development itself is not considered to be environmentally sensitive.
 - The development would not result in unusually complex or potentially hazardous environmental effects.

Delf Clough

- 8.3 The site at Delf Clough was EIA Screened for residential development on the site for up to 140 dwellings, highway and landscaping works, to be developed under a Local Development Order. For the following reasons, it was determined by West Lancashire Borough Council on 2nd October 2015 that an Environmental Impact Statement is not required for the development as described above:
 - The development is not within a 'sensitive area' as defined by Part 1 of the Town and country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2011.
 - The environmental impact would not be of mare than local significance or result in any impact greater than of local significance.
 - The development itself is not considered to be environmentally sensitive.
 - The development would not result in unusually complex or potentially hazardous environmental effects.

9. The limitations of the order

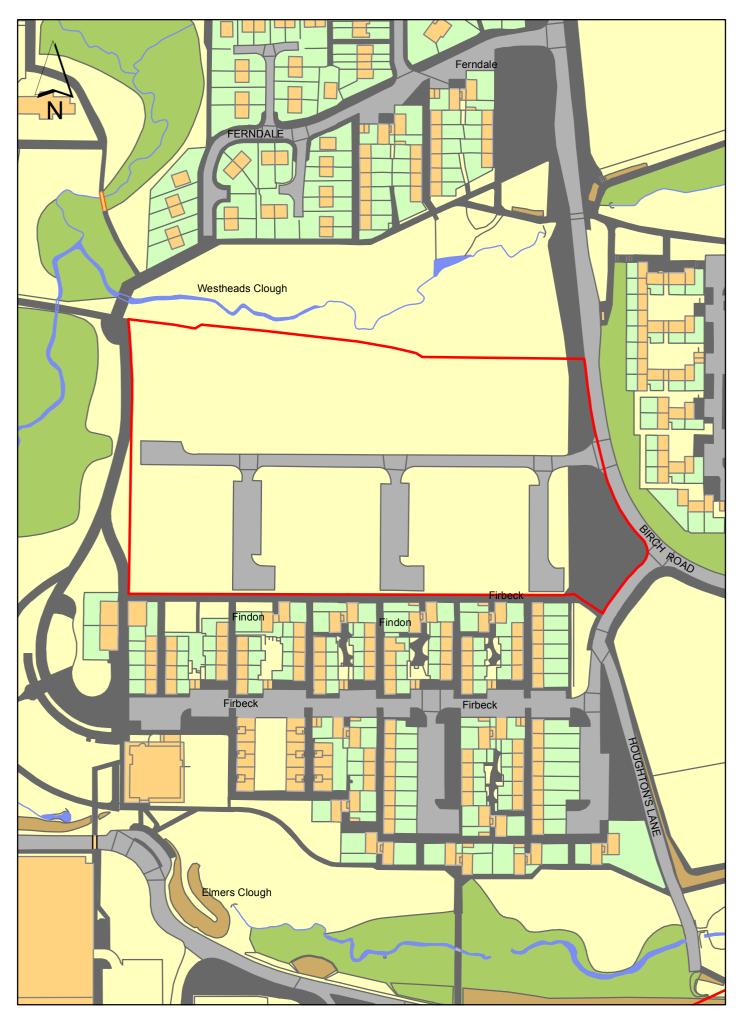
- 9.1 It is intended that the LDO is active for a period of ten years following the date of its adoption. This is to help the delivery of the sites in a recovering economic market. Following the end of this ten year period, the LDO would cease to apply. The Council would then have the following options:
 - Renew the LDO under same terms/conditions as previously;
 - Renew the LDO but modify its terms and conditions

10. Consultation on the LDO

- 10.1 A fundamental principle of LDOs is that they represent a partnership approach to development management. This requires an approach to consultation which seeks support for the concept of the LDO and its objectives, both among the direct participants; the communities affected; and wider stakeholders.
- 10.2 It is a requirement that LDOs are the subject of local consultation. LDO consultation procedures are set out in article 38 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015 (Statutory Instrument 2015/595). Consultation must include any person with whom the local planning authority would have been required to consult on an application for planning permission for the development proposed to be permitted by the LDO.
- 10.3 As part of the preparation of this LDO the following consultation arrangements were undertaken:
 - Compliance with the publicity and consultation requirements of Article 38 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England)
 Order 2015 (DMPO) which relates specifically to publicity requirements for LDOs;
 - Formal approval to consult on the draft LDO required by the Cabinet Members
 - Compliance with the consultation requirements of the Statement of Community Involvement
 - Direct consultation letters to the stakeholders

11. Monitoring and Enforcement

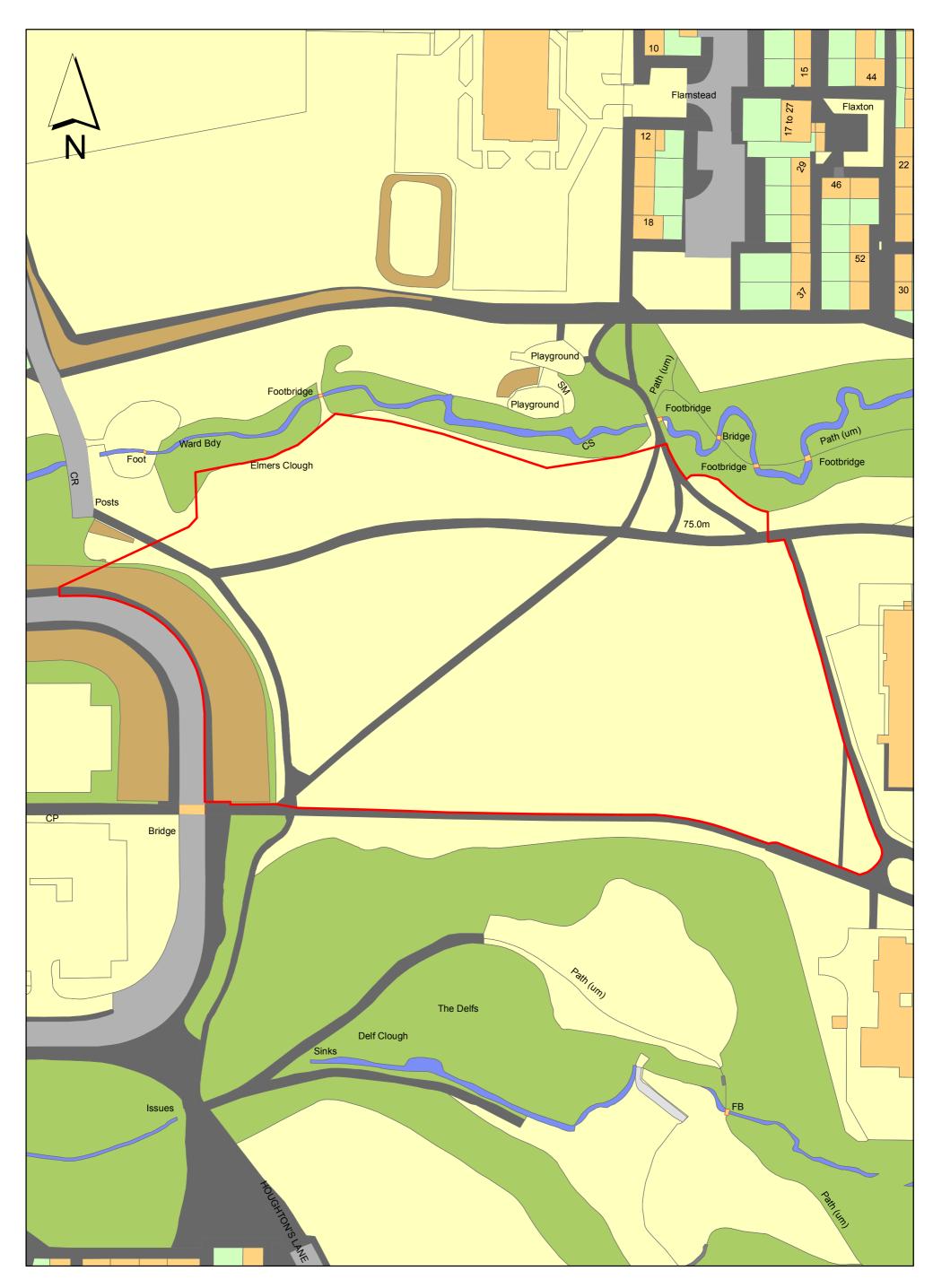
- 11.1 This LDO will be subject to on-going monitoring to assess its effectiveness in delivering development that supports the West Lancashire Local Plan. The outcome of the monitoring process will be reported annually through the AMR.
- 11.2 Failure to comply with the terms of the LDO or any other statutory requirements may result in appropriate enforcement action being taken by the Council and / or other agencies.



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